## Amendments to the Claims - Current Status of Claims

(Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u>

<u>electrophoretic deposition</u> comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate;

providing a solvent, having a solute <u>comprised of dissolved metal ions</u> disposed therein, the solvent and solute forming a binder solution;

immersing the substrate into the binder solution;

applying a voltage to the substrate thereby providing for the adhesion of the binder solution to the substrate and forming a layer of binder material on the substrate;

removing the substrate having the layer of binder material formed thereon from the binder solution;

providing a suspension bath characterized as a colloidal solution of an emitting structure;

immersing the substrate having the layer of binder material formed thereon, into the suspension bath;

removing the substrate from the suspension bath; and thermal processing of the substrate to form adhesion properties.

2. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of providing a substrate, includes providing a substrate having a plurality of patterned metal electrodes formed thereon a surface of the substrate.

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- 3. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 4 wherein the providing a solvent, having a solute disposed therein, includes the step of providing at least one of an alcohol, a water, or a glycerin solvent, having a solute salt disposed therein.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> electrophoretic deposition as claimed in claim 3 wherein the binder material is magnesium hydroxide (Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 3 wherein the step of providing a suspension bath characterized as a colloidal solution of an emitting structure includes a colloidal solution of carbon nanotubes suspended in a solvent.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 5 wherein the step of providing a suspension bath characterized as a colloidal solution of an emitting structure further includes the step of adding to the colloidal solution, a dispersion agent, to improve suspension properties.
- 7. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 5 wherein the step of immersing the substrate having the binder material formed thereon, into the colloidal solution of an

emitting structure further includes the step of applying a bias to the suspension bath, thereby providing for the migration and binding of the emitting structures to the binder material.

- 8. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 1 wherein the step of thermal processing the substrate to form adhesion properties, further includes the formation of a plurality of micro-islands in the binder layer defined by a plurality of edges, the plurality of micro-islands having a plurality of emitting structures embedded in the micro-islands and protruding from the edges.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u>

  <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate having a plurality of metal electrodes formed thereon;

providing a binder solution including a solvent and a solute salt comprised of dissolved metal ions;

depositing the binder solution on a surface of the substrate, thereby forming a layer of binder material on the plurality of metal electrodes formed thereon the substrate;

providing a carbon nanotube suspension bath;

immersing the substrate having the binder solution thereon, into the carbon nanotube suspension bath;

removing the substrate from the carbon nanotube suspension bath; and

thermal processing of the substrate to form adhesion properties in the binder layer and form micro-islands defined by a plurality of edges, and having carbon nanotubes protruding from the edges of the micro-islands.

- 10. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 9 wherein the step of providing a solvent, having a solute disposed therein, includes the step of providing at least one of an alcohol, a water, or a glycerin solvent, having a solute salt disposed therein.
- 11. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 10 wherein the alcohol is one of methanol, ethanol, or isopropyl alcohol (IPA).
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 11 wherein the step of depositing the binder solution on a surface of the substrate, thereby forming a layer of binder material includes the step of applying a voltage to the substrate thereby providing for the adhesion of the binder solution to the substrate and forming a layer of binder material on the substrate.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> electrophoretic deposition as claimed in claim 12 wherein the binder material is magnesium hydroxide (Mg(OH)<sub>2</sub>.

- 14. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 12 wherein the step of providing a carbon nanotube suspension bath includes the step of providing a colloidal solution of carbon nanotubes suspended in an alcohol solvent.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 12 wherein the step of providing a carbon nanotube suspension bath characterized as a colloidal solution of an emitting structure further includes the step of adding to the colloidal solution, a dispersion agent, to improve suspension properties.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A method of fabricating a cathode <u>using</u> <u>electrophoretic deposition</u> as claimed in claim 12 wherein the step of immersing the substrate having the binder material formed thereon, into the colloidal solution of carbon nanotubes further includes the step of applying a bias to the suspension bath, thereby providing for the migration and binding of the carbon nanotubes to the binder material.
  - 17. (Withdrawn) A field emission cathode comprising:
  - a substrate:
- a plurality of micro-islands formed on the substrate and defined by a plurality of edges, the plurality of micro-islands formed of a binder material;

- a plurality of nanotubes embedded into the edges of the plurality of micro-islands, the plurality of nanotubes protruding therefrom the edges of the plurality of micro-islands.
- 18. (Withdrawn) A field emission cathods as claimed in claim 17 wherein the substrate includes a plurality of patterned metal electrodes formed on a surface of the substrate.
- 19. (Withdrawn) A field emission cathode as claimed in claim 18 wherein the binder material is an oxide.
- 20. (Withdrawn) A field emission cathode as claimed in claim 19 wherein the plurality of nanotubes are formed of carbon.